

# Datalink in Europe: What Are The Rules?

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Key Points - Updated 3 March 2025

- There is a mandate for datalink EQUIPAGE for flights above FL285 throughout Europe. There are various different exemptions for this.
- This mandate only applies to aircraft with ATN datalink. If your aircraft only has FANS 1/A, you don't need to comply - but you also won't be able to get CPDLC across most of Europe.
- There are also some places where datalink LOGON is mandatory.

Datalink in Europe can be bamboozling - multiple chunks of airspace, all in close proximity to each other, all with varying levels of operating capability when it comes to CPDLC. Plus there's a Logon List to consider. And a Datalink Mandate. And different considerations depending on what kind of datalink you've got onboard...

So here's a simple guide on how it all works, and what the rules are.

Explain it to me in three sentences

- You need ATN datalink for flights above FL285 in Europe (i.e. you need to have equipped aircraft and trained crews).
- If you don't have ATN datalink, but are exempt from the Mandate (as per one of the categories below), then you can still fly above FL285.
- If you don't have ATN datalink, but are not exempt from the Mandate, you can't fly above FL285.

### Is there a Datalink Mandate in Europe?

Yes. The European Datalink Mandate is for **ATN datalink equipage for flights above FL285** throughout Europe. (*Equipage - not necessarily for logon! More on that later...*)

### Is my aircraft exempt?

Quite possibly - many aircraft are exempt from the equipage mandate:

1. Aircraft with a certificate of airworthiness first issued before 1 January 1995.
2. Aircraft with a certificate of airworthiness first issued before 1 Jan 2018 and fitted prior to this date with FANS 1/A.
3. Aircraft with 19 seats or less and a MTOW of 45359 kg (100000 lbs) or less, with a first individual certificate of airworthiness issued before 5 Feb 2020.
4. Aircraft flying for testing, delivery or for maintenance purposes or with datalink temporarily inoperative (under MEL exemption).
5. Aircraft in this list (Annex I).
6. Aircraft in this list (Annex II) with a CofA issued before 5 Feb 2020.

You can find these rules and exemptions in this EU doc (updated in Sep 2023).

### The Logon List

This is what you need to get registered on to get CPDLC service when flying in:

- **Switzerland**
- **Germany**
- **Maastricht UAC** (i.e. the upper airspace above FL245 over Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg - one of Europe's busiest and most complex airspace areas.)
- **Poland**
- **France** (6 March 2025 for LFEE, LFMM, LFRR, LFBB / November 2025 for LFFF)



If you get your aircraft added to the Logon List, that means you'll be able to use CPDLC in these areas and will probably get better directs and faster climbs. However, if your avionics are **not eligible to be on the Logon List**, ATC will not currently restrict you to the flight levels below FL285.

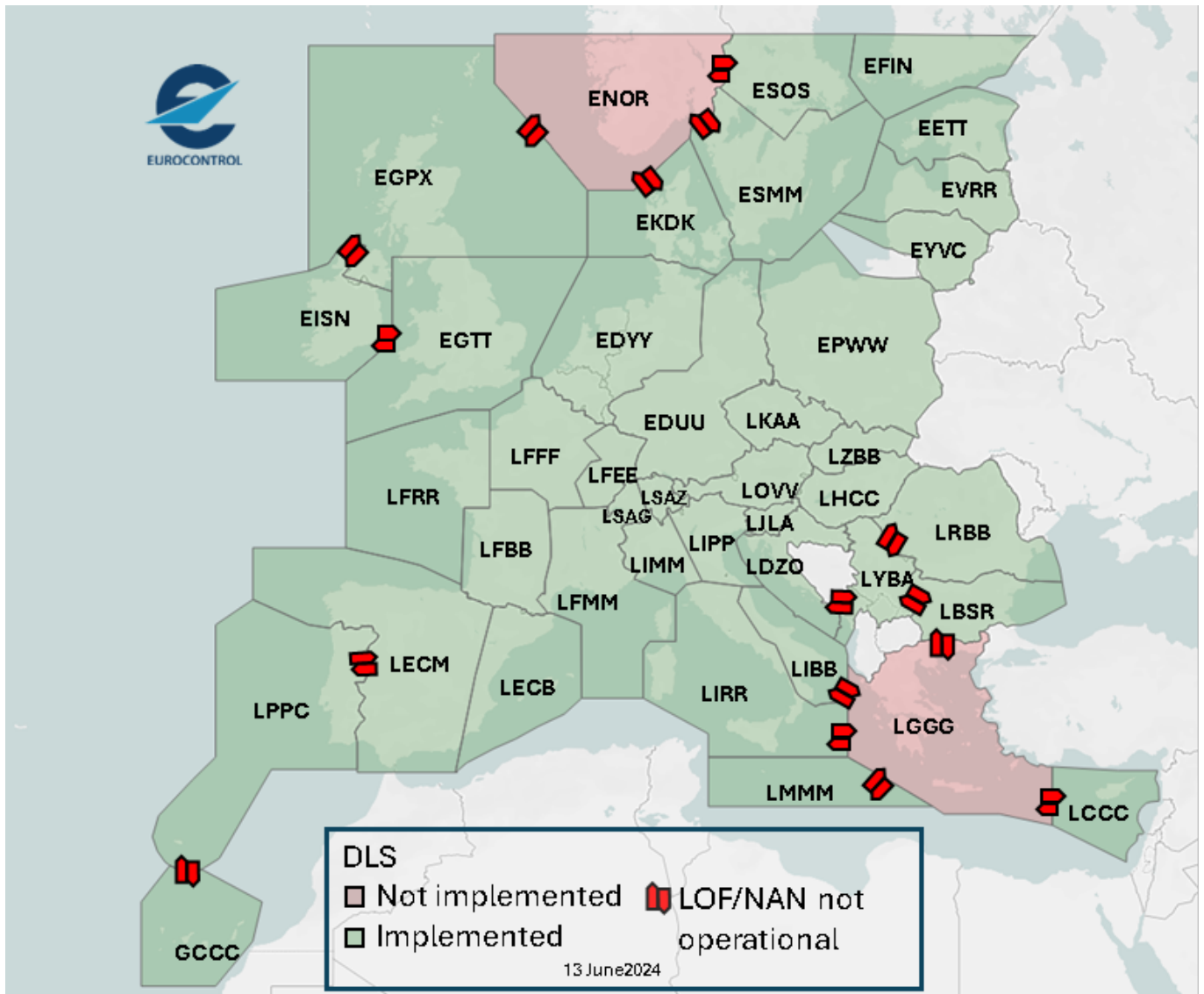
The Logon List is basically to ensure that aircraft with buggy avionics don't ruin the network for everyone else - including ATC.

For more info, including details of **how to get your aircraft registered on the Logon List**, check Eurocontrol's dedicated page [here](#).

Important to note: **the Logon List only applies to aircraft with ATN datalink - not FANS 1/A**. So essentially, if your aircraft only has FANS 1/A, you don't need to register - but you also won't be able to get CPDLC across most of Europe (*more on that below...*)

**Where can I get CPDLC in Europe?**

As of June 2024, these places:



For more info about which FIRs provide datalink, and at what flight levels, check [here](#).

Is CPDLC logon mandatory?

The European Datalink Mandate is for CPDLC equipage, not for logon.

**But yes, provided you've got ATN CPDLC, there are some places where logon is mandatory ↓**

Here's a running list of the places we know where logon is mandatory, in chronological order of when they implemented the rule:

- **Maastricht UAC** [EDYY] above FL245 (source: Eurocontrol) and **Karlsruhe UAC** [EDUU] above FL285 (source: Germany AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Cyprus** [LCCC Nicosia] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Hungary** [LHCC Budapest] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Finland** [EFIN Helsinki] above FL095 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Denmark** (EKDK Copenhagen) above FL285 (source: AIC 5/23)
- **Sweden** [ESMM Malmo, ESOS Stockholm] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)

- **Romania** [LRBB Bucharest] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Serbia and Montenegro** [LYBA Belgrade] above FL205 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Czech Republic** [LKAA Prague] above FL195 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **France** [LFFF Paris, LFEE Reims, LFMM Marseille, LFBB Bordeaux, LFRR Brest] above FL195 (source: AIC 10/23 and AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Switzerland** [LSAG Geneva, LSAZ Zurich] above FL145 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Slovakia** [LZBB Bratislava] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Croatia** [LDZO Zagreb] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Bulgaria** [LBSR Sofia] above FL215 (source AIRAC AMDT 5/24)
- **Slovenia** [LJLA Ljubljana] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Poland** [EPWW Warsaw] above FL285 (source: AIP GEN 3.4)
- **Spain & Canaries** - coming at some point in early 2025!

### Recent News: Some Logon and FPL Filing stuff to watch out for! ↓

**From Nov 2025:** Flight plans in Europe above FL285 without J1 or DAT/CPDLCX will be rejected. This was advised by Eurocontrol in their Feb 27 webinar on datalink guidance for aircraft operators (you can watch the replay here).

**From Oct 2024:** MUAC have started reporting to the relevant NSAs those aircraft which don't comply with the requirement to file either J1 or DAT/CPDLCX in the FPL if filed above FL285. We heard this issue is especially true for bizjets - around half of which are capable but don't log on.

**From July 2024:** Eurocontrol started checking correct flight plan filing regarding CPDLC. Flight plans indicating J1 capability, but missing CODE/XXX in Field 18 will be rejected.

**From Feb 2024:** After some issues with the new LYBA logon code for Serbia and Montenegro which you can read about here) Eurocontrol started asking operators to make sure their aircraft avionics ATN addressing database is up to date, to include all the right codes as per the latest version of ICAO EUR Doc 028.

So what do I put in my FPL?

**Got ATN datalink?** Put **J1** in field 10a of the flight plan. Also put **CODE/XXX** in Field 18 - instead of the XXX you need to put your Aircraft/Mode S address in hex (e.g. CODE/A519D9).

**Exempt from the Mandate?** Put **Z** in field 10a and **DAT/CPDLCX** in field 18 of the flight plan. If you don't, ATC won't know you're exempt, and you may struggle to fly above FL285! (One other thing - you should either file J1 or DAT/CPDLCX, not the two together. Flight plans with this wrong filing will be rejected).

**Only got FANS 1/A?** Read the section below! ↓

My aircraft only has FANS 1/A. What do I do?

Assuming you qualify for the first exemption to the Datalink Mandate we mentioned at the top of this post (aircraft with a certificate of airworthiness first issued before 1 Jan 2018 and fitted prior to this date with FANS 1/A), you don't need to comply with the Datalink Mandate, but you also won't be able to get CPDLC

across most of Europe – ATC will talk to you on the radio instead.

The only bits of airspace in Europe where you can still get CPDLC using FANS 1/A are:

- **EGTT/London, EGPX/Scottish, EISN/Shannon FIRs.** *But be aware that in EGTT there is no automatic logon transfer from FANS1/A to ATN – ie. if you're flying from EGTT to EDYY and you are connected via FANS1/A to EGTT then you will have to log on again with EDYY.*
- **GCCC/Canarias FIR.**
- **LRBB/Bucaresti FIR.**

Everywhere else in Europe is only capable of working with ATN datalink. Note that in **Maastricht Upper Airspace (MUAC)** they say that dual-stack aircraft must be reconfigured to logon via ATN, and aircraft with only FANS 1/A will continue to be supported by conventional VHF.

**So if you've only got FANS 1/A, here's what you put on your FPL:**

**In field 10a:**

Put **Z** and one of the following –

**J5** – If using SATCOM (Inmarsat) for CPDLC

**J7** – If using SATCOM (Iridium) for CPDLC

**In field 18:**

**DAT/CPDLCX**

**Download the Europe Datalink Quick Reference PDF**

One page PDF of pretty much everything you need to know. Just click here.

## DATALINK IN EUROPE A SIMPLE GUIDE

**Do you have ATN datalink?**

✓ **Yes** → You can fly above FL285.

✗ **No** → Check if you're exempt from the Datalink Mandate:

**Make sure you're on the Logon List for better directs and faster climbs in Switzerland, Germany, Maastricht (MUAC), Poland, and France.**

**In the FPL:**

- Field 10a: J1
- Field 18: CODE/XXX (Your Aircraft/Mode S address)

**Exempt = You can fly above FL285**

**Exempt categories:**

- CofA before Jan 1, 1995
- CofA before Jan 1, 2018 + FANS 1/A installed before this date
- Aircraft ≤ 19 seats + MTOW ≤ 45,359 kg (100,000 lbs) with CofA before Feb 5, 2020
- Testing, delivery, maintenance flights, or temporary datalink failure (with MEL)
- Aircraft listed in Annex I/II with CofA before Feb 5, 2020

**In the FPL:**

- Field 10a: Z
- Field 18: DAT/CPDLCX

✗ **Not Exempt = You cannot fly above FL285**

**FANS 1/A Only?**

No need to comply with the mandate, but no CPDLC in most of Europe. CPDLC with FANS 1/A still available in London, Shannon, Canarias, and Bucharest FIRs.

**In the FPL:**

- Field 10a: Z + J5 (Inmarsat) or J7 (Iridium)
- Field 18: DAT/CPDLCX

**Is CPDLC Logon Mandatory?**

- ✓ **Yes** = Almost everywhere if you have ATN datalink.
- ✗ **No** = If you only have FANS 1/A, ATC will talk to you on the radio.

**FPL ISSUES**

- ✗ FROM OCT 2024 = MUAC WILL REPORT NON-COMPLIANCE TO NATIONAL AUTHORITIES
- ✗ FROM NOV 2025 = FPL WITHOUT J1 OR DAT/CPDLCX ABOVE FL285 WILL BE REJECTED

**KEY TAKEAWAYS**

- ✓ ATN DATALINK = FLY ABOVE FL285, BETTER DIRECTS, FASTER CLIMBS
- ✓ EXEMPT = OK TO FLY ABOVE FL285, BUT FILE CORRECTLY.
- ✓ FANS 1/A ONLY = NO CPDLC IN MOST OF EUROPE = STICK TO RADIO.
- ✗ WRONG FPL = REJECTED FLIGHT PLAN + EXTRA HASSLE

**OPSGROUP**

Click for PDF.

### Download the Eurocontrol CPDLC guidance docs

Eurocontrol's Operational Focus Group has published some new Datalink guidance docs for pilots, effective March 2025. These include tips on when and how to log on, uplink message handling, and other good CPDLC practices. There are separate docs with specific guidance depending on whether you're using Jeppesen, Lido, or Navblue EFBs. Download the PDFs below.



## ENHANCE EFFICIENCY WITH CPDLC – YOUR ROLE MATTERS!

### Recommended Practices for CPDLC in Europe

ATM in Europe faces capacity limits, resulting in departure & en-route delays.

Datalink is a key short-term capacity enabler in Europe.

Reliable CPDLC usage significantly improves ATC capacity.

**Your participation and commitment is key!**

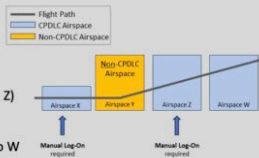
#### When to Log-On

- As soon as possible, considering your company's SOPs
- According to ICAO:
  - Prior to departure<sup>1</sup>
  - At least 10 min prior to entering CPDLC airspace



#### When Is a Manual Log-On required?

- Upon entering the first CPDLC airspace (Airspace X, see image on the right)
- No automatic log-on handover occurs when passing through non-CPDLC Airspace (X → Y → Z)
- Therefore, a manual log-on is required upon entering Airspace Z
- Automatic log-on handover resumes from Z to W
- Note: An automatic log-on transfer may fail (e.g., you are on Rhein Radar frequency [EDUU], but CPDLC still shows Maastricht [EDYY])
  - In this case, you need to manually log-off from the incorrect CPDLC address before logging on to the correct one



#### Uplink Message Handling

- Ensure closed loop understanding of CPDLC clearances.
  - Execution of CPDLC clearances shall be done in accordance with your company's SOPs
    - e.g. waiting for the "Rcvd by ATC" / "Accepted" message may be required
  - If ATC confirms a CPDLC clearance by voice, it may be due to a ground system alert generated by a missing CPDLC response message. This may be due to technical errors.
  - ATC is monitoring the execution of your CPDLC clearance
  - In general, any CPDLC clearance is valid until revoked or expired
  - Airbus only:** If the message is over 2 minutes old, confirm with ATC via voice before acting. Newer aircraft (FANS-C) allow pilot responses even after ground timeout (120 seconds)

Disclaimer: This document is for informational purposes only and does not replace official SOPs, OM-C and regulatory requirements. In case of discrepancies, the applicable SOPs, OM-C and regulations take precedence. Pilots are responsible for ensuring compliance with all relevant procedures.

**Jeppesen** – download PDF.

**Lido** – download PDF.

**Navblue** – download PDF.

**Any more questions?**

This EASA Q&A site is a good place to try.

Failing that, send us an email at [news@ops.group](mailto:news@ops.group), and we'll do our best to get it answered for you!